## **Manitoba Ombudsman Practice Note**

Practice notes are prepared by Manitoba Ombudsman to assist persons using the legislation. They are intended as advice only and are not a substitute for the legislation.

## GUIDELINE ON TIME FRAMES FOR PROCESSING A FIPPA REQUEST

The time limit for responding to an access request made under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (FIPPA) is within 45 (calendar) days from the date of receiving the request, unless the public body has extended the time limit in accordance with the act (subsection 11(1)).

This guideline is intended as a best practice, to assist public bodies in processing requests within the time limit.

The guideline includes a breakdown of the typical sequence of tasks involved in processing an access request and sets time frames as targets for completing these tasks.

FIPPA sets out a duty to assist an applicant, which includes an obligation to respond without delay (section 9). Some requests may be straightforward or involve few records, resulting in less time being required to process the request and send out a response to the applicant. As some requests are more complex than others, any guideline adopted would need to be flexible, including situations where an extension of the time limit is necessary (subsection 15(1)).

For this guideline on time frames to be effective, full cooperation is needed from all staff who may be involved in processing an access request. All staff involved in processing a request have a role and a responsibility to ensure the time limit under FIPPA is met.



Time Frames –	Guidelines
Calendar Days	
Day 1 - Day 3	the request is received and reviewed
	the applicant is contacted as necessary
	the request is dated/date stamped
	the request is numbered  the division related to
	the due date is calculated  the ground is learned as a tracking custom
	the request is logged on a tracking system  TIRDA file is not yet (non-on/clost tracking)
	a FIPPA file is set up (paper/electronic)      a set up and a second letter is easy to the analyse at the second least to the analyse at the second least to the
	an acknowledgement letter is sent to the applicant
	a notification email is sent to the area that would likely have
	the responsive records along with a date by which the
	responsive records are due to the coordinator/officer
Day 4 - Day 14	the records search is undertaken
	<ul> <li>by the end of day 14, the responsive records are provided to the</li> </ul>
	coordinator/officer with the information considered harmful to
	release marked and pages tagged with an explanation of the harm
Day 15 - Day 22	a preliminary assessment of the responsive records is done
	the pages are numbered if necessary
	copies are made as needed
	determine if time extension is warranted
	<ul> <li>determine if third parties need to be notified and/or consulted</li> </ul>
	obtain input from staff as necessary
	<ul> <li>determine if a fee estimate is required and, if so, prepare it and</li> </ul>
	send to applicant
Day 23 - Day 24	create and complete an index of the records that includes the
	FIPPA file number, a description of the type of record, the date of
	each record, the number of pages, the possible exceptions that
	might be applicable to part or to all of the records, and any
	comments
Day 25 Day 25	conduct a line-by-line review of the records
Day 25 - Day 35	obtain input from staff as necessary
	<ul> <li>consult with third parties as necessary</li> </ul>
	obtain a legal opinion or comments as necessary
	make copies as necessary
	<ul> <li>sever records if necessary and note the exceptions on the record</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>note the exceptions and the reasons for their application on the</li> </ul>
	index of the records
	<ul> <li>prepare the draft response to the applicant</li> </ul>
Day 36 - Day 40	final discussions within the public body about the decisions, as
	necessary
	at the end of day 40, all decisions are finalized
Day 41 – Day 44	the response is finalized and sent out to the applicant

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